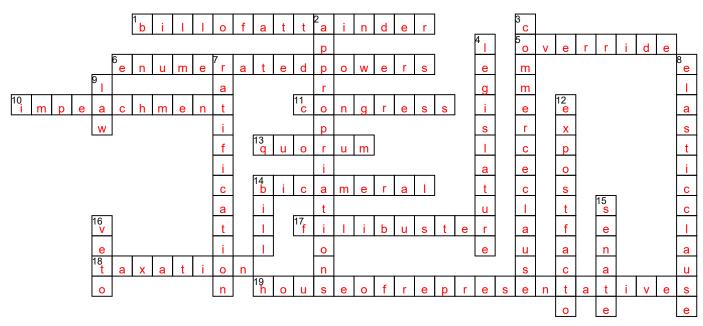
Article I US Constitution Terms Crossword Puzzle

1. Using the Across and Down clues, write the correct answer in the numbered grid below.



ACROSS

- Legislative act declaring a person or group guilty of a crime and punishing them without a trial.
- 5. Congress's authority to pass legislation into law despite a presidential veto with a two-thirds majority vote in both chambers.
- 6. Specific powers granted to Congress in Article 1, Section 8 of the Constitution.
- The process by which Congress can charge and remove a federal official from office for misconduct.
- The bicameral legislative body of the United States consisting of the Senate and the House of Representatives.
- 13. The minimum number of members required to conduct official business in Congress.
- 14. Having two separate chambers or houses within a legislative body.
- 17. A tactic used in the Senate to delay or block legislation by prolonged speechmaking or other means.
- 18. Congress's authority to levy and collect taxes to fund the government and its programs.
- 19. The lower chamber of Congress, with membership based on population size of each state.

DOWN

- 2. The process by which Congress allocates funds for specific government purposes.
- 3. Grants Congress the power to regulate commerce among the states and with foreign nations.
- 4. The branch of government responsible for making laws.
- 7. The formal approval process required for amendments to the Constitution or for treaties negotiated by the president.
- 8. Also known as the Necessary and Proper Clause, grants Congress the authority to make all laws necessary and proper to carry out its enumerated powers.
- 9. Legislation enacted by Congress and signed by the president or passed over a presidential veto.
- 12. Latin term meaning "after the fact," refers to laws that retroactively criminalize an action or increase the punishment for it after it has been committed.
- 14. Proposed legislation presented for consideration by Congress.
- 15. The upper chamber of Congress, with equal representation of two senators per state.
- 16. The power of the president to reject legislation passed by Congress.