

# President Monroe Study Sheet

1. James Monroe The 5th President of the United States, serving from 1817 to 1825.
2. Virginia James Monroe's birth state, where he was born on April 28, 1758.
3. Founding Fathers Monroe was the last president from the group of individuals who led the American Revolution and framed the Constitution.
4. Monroe Doctrine A policy established by Monroe in 1823, which warned European powers against further colonization or intervention in the Americas.
5. Era of Good Feelings A period during Monroe's presidency characterized by political unity and a sense of national identity following the War of 1812.
6. West Point Where Monroe briefly attended before dropping out to join the Continental Army during the American Revolution.
7. Louisiana Purchase Monroe served as one of the negotiators for this significant land acquisition from France during Thomas Jefferson's presidency.
8. War of 1812 Monroe served as Secretary of War during part of this conflict, which solidified his reputation as a nationalist.
9. Treaty of Ghent The agreement that ended the War of 1812, negotiated in part by Monroe, securing peace between the United States and Britain.
10. Secretary of State Monroe held this position under President James Madison before becoming president himself.
11. Missouri Compromise A legislative agreement brokered during Monroe's presidency to address the issue of slavery in new territories.
12. Continental Congress Monroe served in this body, representing Virginia, before becoming involved in state politics.
13. Seminole Wars Military conflicts that occurred during Monroe's presidency as the United States sought to expand its territory into Florida.
14. Virginia Dynasty Monroe was part of this group of presidents from Virginia that included Thomas Jefferson, James Madison, and himself.
15. Highland The name of Monroe's estate in Virginia, where he lived after his presidency.
16. Virginia Plan Monroe supported this proposal at the Constitutional Convention, advocating for a strong central government.
17. Declaration of Independence Monroe was a delegate to the Continental Congress when this document was adopted.
18. Battle of Trenton Monroe was wounded in this Revolutionary War battle.