## Map Terms Study Sheet

1. hemisphere
2. latitude
3. International Date
4. poles
5. coordinates
6. one
7. theme
8. equator
9. gazetteer
10. map
11. Arctic Circle
12. north
13. right
14. south
15. left
16. atlas
17. Prime Meridian
18. legend
19. direction
20. degree
21. tropic
22. grid
23. contour
24. longitude
25. globe

Half of the terrestrial globe, or a projection of the same in a map or picture.
Distance north or south of the equator, measured on a meridian.
180 degrees longitude is known as the $\qquad$ Line.

One of two points of intersection of the Earth's axis and the celestial sphere.
A location's latitude and longitude are its $\qquad$ .
113 km is approximately equal to $\qquad$ degree of latitude.
$\qquad$ maps give specialized information about such things as climate, vegetation, or human activities.

The imaginary great circle on the earth's surface, everywhere equally distant from the two poles, and dividing the earth's surface into two hemispheres.
An atlas index.
Flat representations of all or part of the earth's surface.
A line of latitude south of the north pole.
"Up" on a map.
East on a map.
"Down" on a map.
West on a map.
A collection of maps in a volume.
At 0 degrees longitude from which east and west are reckoned (usually the Greenwich, England longitude).

A chart or key showing the meaning of map symbols.
On a map, it may be shown by a compass rose.
Unit for expressing latitude and longitude.
Cancer or Capricorn.
Pattern formed by lines of latitude and longitude.
On a topographic map, $\qquad$ lines show elevation.

An imaginary great circle on the surface of the earth passing through the north and south poles at right angles to the equator.

A sphere on which a map (especially of the earth) is represented.

