## 7th Grade Science Vocabulary Quiz 5

1.	_	The genetic material found in all living cells that contains the information needed for an organism to grow, maintain itself, and reproduce.
		A.DNA B.homozygous C.genes D.dominant allele
2.		An alternate form of a gene for a specific trait or gene product.  A.heterozygous B.binary fission C.allele D.amoeba
3.		A method of asexual reproduction; the reproduction of a cell or a one-celled organism by division into two nearly equal parts.  A.amoeba B.paramecium C.volvox D.binary fission
4.	_	The physical structure in a cell that contains the cell's genetic material.  A.paramecium B.homozygous C.chromosome D.genes
5.		The sate of having identical alleles in regard to a given character(s).  A.paramecium B.homozygous C.aquired trait D.amoeba
6.	_	Green algae that form communities of multicellular spheres; moves by "waves"; mostly asexual reproduction; makes food from sunlight; supplies oxygen to the atmosphere.  A.flagella B.genes C.volvox D.dominant allele
7.	_	The genetic makeup of an organism; all the genes that an organism has.  A.genotype B.binary fission C.DNA D.flagella
8.	_	The allele that determines the phenotype of an individual organism when two different copies are present in the genotype.  A.amoeba B.dominant allele C.aquired trait D.heterozygous
9.		A physical characteristic that is not inherited but may be an effect of the environment.  A.DNA B.aquired trait C.binary fission D.homozygous
10.		A sperm or egg cell containing half the usual number of chromosomes of an organism; found in the reproductive organs of a plant or animal.  A.volvox B.gamete C.DNA D.genotype
11.		The state of having different alleles in regard to a given character.  A.DNA B.genotype C.heterozygous D.chromosome
12.		Unicellular organism; moves to eat using its cilia; asexual reproduction; sweeps food into its "mouth."  A.allele B.heterozygous C.DNA D.paramecium
13.		The basic unit of heredity that consists of a segment of DNA on a chromosome.  A.paramecium B.flagella C.genes D.homozygous
14.		Slender threadlike structure that enables many protozoa to swim.  A.genotype B.DNA C.flagella D.volvox
15.		Unicellular organism; moves by stretching and bending; asexual reproduction; engulfs and wraps around its food.  A.genes B.amoeba C.flagella D.allele