6th Grade Science Vocabulary Quiz 11

1	A type of rock that forms from the cooling of molten rock at or below the surface. A.variable B.igneous rock C.radiation D.sedimentary rock
2	Reproduction that requires two organisms. A.variable B.sexual reproduction C.mass D.sedimentary rock
3	The transfer of energy by electromagnetic waves. A.radiation B.law C.mass D.tissue
4	The amount of matter in an object, not how much in weighs. A.variable B.mass C.tissue D.igneous rock
5	A natural resource that can be replaced. A.igneous rock B.renewable resource C.nucleus D.scientific method
6	A factor that can change in an experiment. A.variable B.sedimentary rock C.scientific method D.mass
7	Heat energy. A.thermal energy B.scientific method C.potential energy D.sexual
8	Charles B.tissue C.renewable resource D.radiation
9	Materials found in nature that cannot be renewed or replaced. A.renewable resource B.variable C.nonrenewable resource D.kinetic energy
10	Control center of the cell which contains DNA. A.thermal energy B.tissue C.nucleus D.mass
11	Energy of position; stored energy. A.independent variable B.kinetic energy C.potential energy D.tissue
12	Variable that is changed in an experiment. A.potential energy B.law C.metamorphic rock D.independent variable
13	Statement about how things work in nature that seems to be consistently true. A.kinetic energy B.variable C.law D.sedimentary rock
14	A logical procedure for gathering and testing ideas. A.scientific method B.independent variable C.potential energy D.nonrenewable resource
15	The energy of motion. A.law B.radiation C.independent variable D.kinetic energy
16	Rock that has been changed by heat and pressure. A.mass B.igneous rock C.metamorphic rock D.kinetic energy
17	A rock formed by layers of sediments squeezed and stuck together over a long time.
	A.potential energy B.sedimentary rock C.law D.radiation