## Biology Vocabulary Test 10

- 1. D Bottom portion of the heart, thicker walled and larger.
  A.vacuole B.taxonomy C.symbiosis D.ventricle
- 2. Date Tiny floating organisms that are either small animals or protozoa.

  A.vaccine B.temperate forest C.tertiary consumer D.zooplankton
- 3. D An organism that eats secondary consumers.

  A.temperate grassland B.skeletal system C.transpiration D.tertiary consumer
- 4. C A community (or biome) that is dominated by grasses, has few trees, and is characterized by cold winters and rainfall that is intermediate between that of a forest and a desert.

  A.vacuole B.temperate forest C.temperate grassland D.zooplankton
- 5. D A change in genotype and phenotype due to the assimilation of external DNA by a cell.

  A.tertiary consumer B.zooplankton C.vacuole D.transformation
- A Biome characterized by broad-leaved, deciduous trees, well-defined seasons, and average yearly precipitation of 75-150 cm.
   A.temperate forest B.transformation C.zooplankton D.vaccine
- 7. C Protects and supports body organs and provides a framework the muscles use to support movement. Made up of bones and joints.

  A.tertiary consumer B.vacuole C.skeletal system D.zygote
- 8. A Warm, long days; very diverse; over 200 cm of precipitation per year.

  A.tropical forest B.temperate grassland C.vacuole D.ventricle
- B The scientific study of how living things are classified.
   A.tropical forest B.taxonomy C.vaccine D.tertiary consumer
- 10. C Evaporation of water from the leaves of a plan.

  A.transformation B.skeletal system C.transpiration D.taxonomy
- 11. B A harmless variant or derivative of a pathogen that stimulates a host's immune system to mount defenses against the pathogen.

  A.vacuole B.vaccine C.taxonomy D.virus
- 12. D The fertilized egg; it enters a 2-week period of rapid cell division and develops into an embryo.

  A.tropical forest B.transpiration C.ventricle D.zygote
- 13. A Cell organelle that stores materials such as water, salts, proteins, and carbohydrates.

  A.vacuole B.zygote C.virus D.zooplankton
- 14. C A close relationship between two species that benefits at least one of the species.

  A.temperate forest B.vacuole C.symbiosis D.transpiration
- 15. B A tiny, nonliving particle that invades and then reproduces inside a living cell.

  A.skeletal system B.virus C.zygote D.transpiration

- 16. C Protects and supports body organs and provides a framework the muscles use to support movement. Made up of bones and joints.

  A.taxonomy B.vaccine C.skeletal system D.tertiary consumer
- 17. C A change in genotype and phenotype due to the assimilation of external DNA by a cell.

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- 18. D A community (or biome) that is dominated by grasses, has few trees, and is characterized by cold winters and rainfall that is intermediate between that of a forest and a desert.

  A.zooplankton B.transpiration C.ventricle D.temperate grassland
- 19. A Evaporation of water from the leaves of a plan.

  A.transpiration B.tropical forest C.temperate forest D.skeletal system
- 20. B The fertilized egg; it enters a 2-week period of rapid cell division and develops into an embryo.

  A.transpiration B.zygote C.taxonomy D.tertiary consumer
- 21. A harmless variant or derivative of a pathogen that stimulates a host's immune system to mount defenses against the pathogen.

  A.vaccine B.skeletal system C.symbiosis D.tropical forest
- 22. B A close relationship between two species that benefits at least one of the species. A.zooplankton B.symbiosis C.taxonomy D.tertiary consumer
- 23. B Biome characterized by broad-leaved, deciduous trees, well-defined seasons, and average yearly precipitation of 75-150 cm.

  A.tertiary consumer B.temperate forest C.tropical forest D.symbiosis
- 24. D The scientific study of how living things are classified.

  A.vacuole B.skeletal system C.transpiration D.taxonomy
- 25. A Bottom portion of the heart, thicker walled and larger.

  A.ventricle B.tropical forest C.taxonomy D.temperate grassland
- 26. C Warm, long days; very diverse; over 200 cm of precipitation per year.

  A.transformation B.skeletal system C.tropical forest D.taxonomy
- 27. B An organism that eats secondary consumers.

  A.transpiration B.tertiary consumer C.vacuole D.temperate forest
- 28. C A tiny, nonliving particle that invades and then reproduces inside a living cell.

  A.zooplankton B.ventricle C.virus D.skeletal system
- 29. A Tiny floating organisms that are either small animals or protozoa.

  A.zooplankton B.skeletal system C.symbiosis D.vaccine
- 30. C Cell organelle that stores materials such as water, salts, proteins, and carbohydrates.

  A.tertiary consumer B.virus C.vacuole D.temperate grassland