Biology Vocabulary Study Sheet 3

| 1. | circulatory system | Transports oxygen, waste, nutrients, hormones, heat, etc around the body. |
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| 2. | codon | A specific sequence of three adjacent bases on a strand of DNA or RNA that provides genetic code information for a particular amino acid. |
| 3. | coniferous forest | Forest populated by cone-bearing evergreen trees; mostly found in northern latitudes. |
| 4. | commensalism | A relationship between two organisms in which one organism benefits and the other is unaffected. |
| 5. | community | All the different populations that live together in an area. |
| 6. | cytokinesis | Division of the cytoplasm during cell division. |
| 7. | cytolysis | The bursting of a cell. |
| 8. | cytoplasm | A jellylike fluid inside the cell in which the organelles are suspended. |
| 9. | deciduous | (of plants and shrubs) shedding foliage at the end of the growing season. |
| 10. | desert | Can be hot or cold; receives less than 30 cm of precipitation per year. |
| 11. | diffusion | Movement of molecules from an area of higher concentration to an area of lower concentration. |
| 12. | digestion | Breakdown of food substances into simpler forms that can be absorbed and used. |
| 13. | dihybrid cross | A cross between individuals that have different alleles for the same gene. |
| 14. | dominant allele | An allele whose trait always shows up in the organism when the allele is present. |
| 15. | ecology | Scientific study of interactions among organisms and between organisms and their environment. |