Biology Vocabulary Quiz 30

1. B A conglomeration of billions of cells specifically designed to provide a communication network within the human body.

A.phototropism B.nervous system C.pathogen D.plankton

- 2. D Basic units of DNA molecule, composed of a sugar, a phosphate, and one of 4 DNA bases.

 A.nucleus B.neurotoxins C.pathogen D.nucleotides
- 3. D An organism that lives in or on another organism; one who lives off another person.

 A.nervous system B.pathogen C.osmosis D.parasite
- 4. B A growth response to light.
 A.nervous system B.phototropism C.pathogen D.placenta
- 5. A Toxic substances, such as lead or mercury, that specifically poison nerve cells.

 A.neurotoxins B.plankton C.niche D.placenta
- 6. D A relationship between two organisms of different species where one benefits and the other is harmed.

A.phospholipid B.neurotoxins C.nucleus D.parasitism

- 7. A An organism's physical appearance, or visible traits.
 A.phenotype B.placenta C.phototropism D.osmosis
- 8. B An organism that causes disease.
 A.plankton B.pathogen C.parasitism D.phenotype
- 9. A The movement of substances across a cell membrane without the use of energy by the cell.
 A.passive transport B.nucleus C.parasitism D.placenta
- 10. C A structure that allows an embryo to be nourished with the mother's blood supply.

 A.nucleotides B.passive transport C.placenta D.neurotoxins
- 11. B A part of the cell containing DNA and RNA and responsible for growth and reproduction.
 A.placenta B.nucleus C.neurotoxins D.phototropism
- 12. D A molecule that is a constituent of the inner bilayer of biological membranes, having a polar, hydrophilic head and a nonpolar, hydrophobic tail.

 A.neurotoxins B.nucleotides C.passive transport D.phospholipid
- 13. B An organism's particular role in an ecosystem, or how it makes its living.
 A.parasitism B.niche C.phototropism D.nucleotides
- 14. C Tiny organisms that float in the water.

 A.placenta B.pathogen C.plankton D.nervous system
- 15. C Diffusion of water through a selectively permeable membrane.
 A.phototropism B.parasitism C.osmosis D.nucleotides