

## Biology Vocabulary Quiz 26

- D The starches and sugars present in foods.  
A.carrying capacity B.Calvin Cycle C.chromosomes D.carbohydrates
- C Threadlike structures made of DNA molecules that contain the genes.  
A.carrying capacity B.cell wall C.chromosomes D.cellulose
- C Substance that speeds up the rate of a chemical reaction.  
A.botany B.chlorophyll C.catalyst D.chloroplast
- B Clusters of DNA, RNA, and proteins in the nucleus of a cell.  
A.carbohydrates B.chromatin C.botany D.chloroplast
- A Largest number of individuals of a population that a environment can support.  
A.carrying capacity B.chloroplast C.cellular respiration D.cerebrum
- C A soft tissue inside the bone that produces blood cells.  
A.chlorophyll B.Calvin Cycle C.bone marrow D.carbohydrates
- B A substance (made of sugars) that is common in the cell walls of many organisms.  
A.chloroplast B.cellulose C.botany D.cerebrum
- D Area where the chromatids of a chromosome are attached.  
A.botany B.chromosomes C.cellular respiration D.centromere
- C Study of plants.  
A.Calvin Cycle B.cerebrum C.botany D.carbohydrates
- B A rigid layer of nonliving material that surrounds the cells of plants and some other organisms.  
A.chloroplast B.cell wall C.cerebrum D.cellulose
- A Reactions of photosynthesis in which energy from ATP and NADPH is used to build high-energy compounds such as sugars.  
A.Calvin Cycle B.chlorophyll C.chloroplast D.cellulose
- C A green pigment found in the chloroplasts of plants, algae, and some bacteria.  
A.bone marrow B.cerebrum C.chlorophyll D.chromosomes
- B Area of the brain responsible for all voluntary activities of the body.  
A.botany B.cerebrum C.chromosomes D.cellular respiration
- B An organelle found in plant and algae cells where photosynthesis occurs.  
A.carbohydrates B.chloroplast C.cell wall D.Calvin Cycle
- D Process that releases energy by breaking down glucose and other food molecules in the presence of oxygen.  
A.chlorophyll B.cellulose C.cell wall D.cellular respiration