Biology Vocabulary Quiz 21

1.	<u>D</u>	Long-term resting state that is an adaptation to winter cold and food scarcity. A.isotonic solution B.meiosis C.messenger RNA D.hibernation
2.	В	A small, round cell structure containing chemicals that break down large food particles into smaller ones. A.isotonic solution B.lysosome C.lipids D.NADPH
3.	<u>C</u>	Thin layer of tissue that covers a surface, lines a cavity, or divides a space or organ. A.monosaccharides B.lysosome C.membrane D.lipids
4.	<u>C</u>	Simple sugars (glucose, fructose, galactose). A.messenger RNA B.monohybrid cross C.monosaccharides D.NADPH
5.	D	A relationship between two species in which both species benefit. A.hermaphrodite B.membrane C.monosaccharides D.mutualism
6.	В	Part of eukaryotic cell division during which the cell nucleus divides. A.isotonic solution B.mitosis C.hermaphrodite D.meiosis
7.	C	"Water-fearing"; pertaining to nonpolar molecules (or parts of molecules) that do not dissolve in water. A.meiosis B.hibernation C.hydrophobic D.monohybrid cross
8.	<u>B</u>	All of the chemical reactions that occur within an organism. A.membrane B.metabolism C.NADPH D.lysosome
9.	<u>A</u> _	An organism that has both male and female reproductive organs. A.hermaphrodite B.metabolism C.mitosis D.hydrophobic
10.	<u>B</u>	Cell division that produces reproductive cells in sexually reproducing organisms. A.isotonic solution B.meiosis C.lysosome D.hibernation
11.	В	A solution in which the concentration of solutes is essentially equal to that of the cell which resides in the solution. A.meiosis B.isotonic solution C.hermaphrodite D.metabolism
12.	D	Energy-rich organic compounds, such as fats, oils, and waxes, that are made of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen. A.monohybrid cross B.lysosome C.mitosis D.lipids
13.	<u>A</u> _	An electron carrier involved in photosynthesis. A.NADPH B.messenger RNA C.monosaccharides D.membrane
14.	<u>A</u> _	RNA molecule that carries copies of instructions for the assembly of amino acids into proteins from DNA to the rest of the cell. A.messenger RNA B.metabolism C.membrane D.isotonic solution
15.	D	A cross between individuals that involves one pair of contrasting traits. A.hermaphrodite B.hibernation C.mutualism D.monohybrid cross