Biology Vocabulary Quiz 17

- <u>C</u> Energy-requiring process that moves material across a cell membrane against a concentration difference.
 A.bilateral symmetry B.biome C.active transport D.biomass
- 2. <u>B</u> Process that requires oxygen. A.homeostasis B.aerobic C.biomass D.abiotic factors
- 3. C Total amount of living tissue within a given trophic level. A.allele B.homeostasis C.biomass D.biotic factors
- 4. <u>A</u> Process by which a single parent reproduces by itself. A.asexual reproduction B.active transport C.biomass D.bilateral symmetry
- 5. <u>B</u> A group of ecosystems that share similar climates and typical organisms A.amino acids B.biome C.asexual reproduction D.sexual reproduction
- 6. C A reproductive process that involves two parents that combine their genetic material to produce a new organism, which differs from both parents.
 A.amino acids B.allele C.sexual reproduction D.homeostasis
- 7. D All the living organisms that inhabit an environment. A.homeostasis B.amino acids C.biodiversity D.biotic factors
- 8. D A protein that, when introduced in the blood, triggers the production of an antibody. A.biome B.biodiversity C.allele D.antigen
- 9. C Nonliving components of environment. A.aerobic B.homeostasis C.abiotic factors D.bilateral symmetry
- 10. D Building blocks of proteins; 20 different types in the human body. A.homeostasis B.asexual reproduction C.bilateral symmetry D.amino acids
- 11. <u>B</u> A tendency to maintain a balanced or constant internal state; the regulation of any aspect of body chemistry, such as blood glucose, around a particular level. A.bilateral symmetry B.homeostasis C.amino acids D.active transport
- 12. C Process that does not require oxygen. A.asexual reproduction B.aerobic C.anaerobic D.active transport
- 13. C Body plan in which only a single, imaginary line can divide the body into two equal halves. A.amino acids B.homeostasis C.bilateral symmetry D.biotic factors
- 14. <u>B</u> The variety of life in the world or in a particular habitat or ecosystem. A.active transport B.biodiversity C.asexual reproduction D.allele
- 15. <u>A</u> Different forms of a gene. A.allele B.biotic factors C.active transport D.aerobic