Biology Vocabulary Quiz 10

1.	_	A green pigment found in the chloroplasts of plants, algae, and some bacteria. A.bone marrow B.chlorophyll C.cell wall D.cerebrum
2.		Area where the chromatids of a chromosome are attached. A.chlorophyll B.botany C.chloroplast D.centromere
3.	_	Process that releases energy by breaking down glucose and other food molecules in the presence of oxygen. A.cerebrum B.carbohydrates C.cellular respiration D.chloroplast
4.		The starches and sugars present in foods. A.chromosomes B.cerebrum C.carbohydrates D.bone marrow
5.		Largest number of individuals of a population that a environment can support. A.carrying capacity B.centromere C.botany D.bone marrow
6.		Clusters of DNA, RNA, and proteins in the nucleus of a cell. A.chloroplast B.botany C.chromatin D.cell wall
7.		An organelle found in plant and algae cells where photosynthesis occurs. A.chloroplast B.cellular respiration C.centromere D.Calvin Cycle
8.		A soft tissue inside the bone that produces blood cells. A.chromosomes B.cerebrum C.bone marrow D.chloroplast
9.	_	Substance that speeds up the rate of a chemical reaction. A.catalyst B.botany C.carbohydrates D.cerebrum
10.	_	A rigid layer of nonliving material that surrounds the cells of plants and some other organisms. A.cellulose B.centromere C.cell wall D.carbohydrates
11.	_	Area of the brain responsible for all voluntary activities of the body. A.cerebrum B.chlorophyll C.centromere D.carbohydrates
12.	_	Study of plants. A.cellular respiration B.botany C.catalyst D.bone marrow
13.		Reactions of photosynthesis in which energy from ATP and NADPH is used to build high-energy compounds such as sugars. A.catalyst B.Calvin Cycle C.carbohydrates D.centromere
14.	_	A substance (made of sugars) that is common in the cell walls of many organisms. A.bone marrow B.cellulose C.cerebrum D.catalyst
15.	_	Threadlike structures made of DNA molecules that contain the genes. A.catalyst B.chromosomes C.cellular respiration D.chromatin