

AP Biology Vocabulary Quiz 18

- ___ A testable explanation for a question.
A.hypothesis B.hydrogen bond C.glycerol D.global warming
- ___ A set of alleles that determines the expression of a particular trait.
A.glycerol B.gonads C.homeostasis D.genotype
- ___ The site of meiosis in humans that includes the ovaries and testes.
A.gonads B.glycogen C.heterotroph D.homeostasis
- ___ The description of an individual who has the same allele for a trait on both homologous chromosomes.
A.homozygous B.independent variable C.hydrogen bond D.homeostasis
- ___ The weak intermolecular bond that forms between water molecules that causes them to "stick" to each other.
A.innate B.incomplete dominance C.hydrogen bond D.glycerol
- ___ Pair of genes where one is dominant and one is recessive.
A.glycerol B.haploids C.heterozygous D.incomplete dominance
- ___ The one difference between the experimental group and the control group.
A.hydrogen bond B.homozygous C.global warming D.independent variable
- ___ The increase in carbon dioxide and other gases causing heat to be trapped raising the temperature of the earth.
A.genotype B.glycogen C.hypothesis D.global warming
- ___ Cells that have one copy of each kind of chromosome.
A.incomplete dominance B.independent variable C.haploids D.global warming
- ___ The condition in animals where they keep their internal environment constant for a specific characteristic often as a result of negative feedback.
A.glycogen B.homeostasis C.heterozygous D.independent variable
- ___ An organism that cannot manufacture its own food and instead obtains its food and energy by taking in organic substances.
A.heterozygous B.genotype C.homeostasis D.heterotroph
- ___ Behavior of an organism that is not learned and is genetically determined.
A.homeostasis B.glycerol C.innate D.glycogen
- ___ The three carbon backbone molecule of the triglycerides.
A.global warming B.glycerol C.heterozygous D.homeostasis
- ___ The polysaccharide that is how animals store glucose in their liver.
A.global warming B.haploids C.genotype D.glycogen
- ___ The type of inheritance where the heterozygous individual has a blend of the dominant and recessive trait.
A.genotype B.incomplete dominance C.glycerol D.heterotroph