

Creating the US Constitution Study Sheet

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| 1. Annapolis Convention | A meeting in 1786 in Maryland to discuss ways to promote trade among the states. |
| 2. Benjamin Franklin | A famous scientist and statesman who attended the Constitutional Convention. |
| 3. Constitutional Convention | Meeting in Philadelphia called to change the Articles of Confederation. |
| 4. Edmund Randolph | He proposed the Virginia Plan. |
| 5. George Washington | He was President of the Convention. |
| 6. Gouverneur Morris | He wanted the upper class to control the new government. |
| 7. Great Compromise | Called for a two-house legislature with representation based on population in one house and equal representation in the other house. |
| 8. Independence Hall | The Pennsylvania State House where the Constitutional Convention took place. |
| 9. James Madison | One of the leaders of the Constitutional Convention. The Father of the Constitution. |
| 10. James Wilson | He favored a direct democracy more open to the people. |
| 11. New Jersey Plan | Plan that called for each state to have equal representation in the legislature. |
| 12. Patrick Henry | He didn't attend the Constitutional Convention. He "smelled a rat in Philadelphia tending toward monarchy." |
| 13. Philadelphia | The Constitutional Convention was held in this city. |
| 14. Shay's Rebellion | This event made it even more urgent for the states to meet in Philadelphia for the Constitutional Convention. |
| 15. Three-Fifths Compromise | This settled the conflict over how slaves would be counted for both representation and taxation. |
| 16. Virginia Plan | Plan that called for representation in the legislature to be based on a states' population or wealth. |
| 17. William Patterson | He proposed the New Jersey Plan. |