- D The attribution of human qualities or capabilities to animals, objects, or ideas.
  A.hyperbole B.inference C.alliteration D.personification
- 2. D Making a comparison between two unlike things without using "like" or "as". A.central idea B.inference C.personification D.metaphor
- 3. D A conclusion based on past knowledge and new information. A.alliteration B.hyperbole C.metaphor D.inference
- 4. <u>B</u> Great exaggeration used to make a point. A.metaphor B.hyperbole C.personification D.evidence
- 5. <u>B</u> Using "like" or "as" to make a comparison between two unlike things. A.summarize B.simile C.central idea D.onomatopoeia
- 6. C Text that comes from the story used to support analysis. A.inference B.central idea C.evidence D.summarize
- 7. D Information that helps to explain the central idea. A.figurative language B.inference C.personification D.supporting details
- 8. <u>A</u> Language not meant to be taken literrally. A.figurative language B.inference C.alliteration D.summarize
- 9. <u>B</u> Repetition of a single consonant letter. A.hyperbole B.alliteration C.summarize D.simile
- 10. D The formation of a word from a sound associated with what is named. A.hyperbole B.central idea C.inference D.onomatopoeia
- 11. C What the passage or text is mainly about. A.simile B.evidence C.central idea D.personification
- 12. A State the central idea and important supporting details.
  A.summarize B.figurative language C.onomatopoeia D.supporting details