## 8th Grade CCSS Math Vocabluary Word Search 2

1. First, write the correct clue number to the left of each word in the Word Bank. Then, circle the words that have been hidden vertically, horizontally, and diagonally.

|  |  | G |  |  |  | 1 |  | A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | K |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | O | A |  | L | 0 | $P$ |  |  |  | T | E |  |  | E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| N |  | N | W | Z | Z | Q | P | D | U |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | K |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | F | L | H | A | V | K |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | S | N |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\checkmark$ | F | 1 | R | R | A |  |  | O/N | A |  |  |  | M | B |  | R | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| - | 1 | V |  | 0 | N |  |  | E | A |  |  |  | N |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - | Z | O | A |  |  |  | RA | D |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | B |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | K | A |  |  |  | A | E | 1 |  |  |  |  | B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | L |  |  | T |  | Q | U A | R |  |  |  |  |  | G | D | L |  |  |  |  |  |
| E | N |  |  | ® | A |  |  | O N |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | R | H |  |  |  |  |  |
| R |  |  | S | C | 1 | E | N | T | F |  |  | N | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | F |  |  |  |  |  |  | A T | E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. The number that is multiplied by the variable in an algebraic expression.
2. An input-output relationship that has exactly one output ( $y$-value) for each input ( $x$-value).
3. The symbol used to represent the non negative square root of a number.
4. A value much greater or much less than the others in a set of data.
5. A linear equation written in the form $y=m x+b(m$ represents slope and $b$ represent the y-intercept).
6. A number that can be expressed as a ratio (fraction) of two integers.
7. One of two equal factors (multiplication) of a number. It is the side of a square.
8. Involves the analysis of two variables for the purpose of determining a relationship.
9. A method of writing very large or very small numbers using powers of 10.
10. A function (equation) whose graph is not a straight line.
11. A straight line that comes closest to the points on a scatter plot having an equal number of points above and below the line.
12. The number of cubic units needed to fill a cone.
13. An equation that makes a straight line when it is graphed.
14. One of three equal factors (multiplication) of a number. It is the side of a cube
15. Points where a line crosses the $x$-axis and $y$-axis.
16. A number that can not be expressed as a ratio of two integers or as a repeating or terminating decimal.
slope intercept form
coefficient
cubed root
outlier
scientific notation
function
radical symbol
bivariate measurement cone volume
non-linear function
rational number
square root intercepts linear equation
line of best fit
irrational number
