6th Grade Language Arts CCSS Terms Quiz 5

1. ____ The decisive moment or turning point when the rising action of the play is reversed to falling action.

A.plot B.effect C.conflict D.climax

2. ___ The main idea or underlying meaning a writer explores in a novel, short story, or other literary work. A.exposition B.climax C.mood D.theme

3. ____ The elements of plot after a story's climax and before the resolution.

- A.point of view B.conflict C.falling action D.characters
- 4. ___ People, animals, or creatures in a story or drama. A.plot B.effect C.characters D.analogy
- 5. ___ The background information of the characters and setting explained at the beginning of the story. A.evidence B.effect C.exposition D.mood
- 6. ____ The result or consequence. A.climax B.evidence C.cause D.effect
- A related series of incidents in a literary plot that build toward the point of greatest interest.
 A.point of view B.rising action C.analogy D.plot
- 8. ____ The feeling created by the atmosphere of a story. A.mood B.effect C.evidence D.point of view
- 9. ____ That which makes something happen. A.theme B.effect C.cause D.mood
- 10. ____ The vantage point from which a story is presented. A.point of view B.resolution C.evidence D.cause
- 11. <u>When the conflict is resolved at the end of the story</u>. A.resolution B.climax C.rising action D.analogy
- 12. ____ A similarity between like features of two things. A.conflict B.exposition C.analogy D.climax
- 13. <u>A struggle between two opposing forces</u>. A.conflict B.exposition C.point of view D.mood
- 14. ____ The sequence of events that make up a story. A.falling action B.evidence C.plot D.mood
- 15. ____ Text that comes from the story used to support analysis. A.mood B.falling action C.evidence D.effect