6th Grade Language Arts CCSS Terms Quiz 2

Text that comes from the story used to support analysis. A.analogy B.characters C.evidence D.conflict
The elements of plot after a story's climax and before the resolution. A.exposition B.falling action C.characters D.plot
The decisive moment or turning point when the rising action of the play is reversed to falling action. A.resolution B.cause C.exposition D.climax
The feeling created by the atmosphere of a story. A.resolution B.analogy C.mood D.effect
A struggle between two opposing forces. A.point of view B.mood C.exposition D.conflict
People, animals, or creatures in a story or drama. A.characters B.plot C.cause D.resolution
The sequence of events that make up a story. A.plot B.exposition C.point of view D.resolution
The background information of the characters and setting explained at the beginning of the story. A.point of view B.effect C.exposition D.analogy
The result or consequence. A.climax B.conflict C.effect D.characters
The main idea or underlying meaning a writer explores in a novel, short story, or other literary work. A.mood B.characters C.theme D.effect
That which makes something happen. A.theme B.characters C.resolution D.cause
A related series of incidents in a literary plot that build toward the point of greatest interest. A.rising action B.plot C.conflict D.exposition
A similarity between like features of two things. A.effect B.resolution C.analogy D.rising action
When the conflict is resolved at the end of the story. A.resolution B.falling action C.plot D.exposition
The vantage point from which a story is presented. A.analogy B.point of view C.exposition D.mood