5th Grade CCSS Math Vocabluary Word Search 2

1. *First, write the correct clue number to the left of each word in the Word Bank. Then, circle the words that have been hidden vertically, horizontally, and diagonally.*

X	M	N	U	M	E	R	I	C	A	L	P	A	T	T	E	R	N	G	W
R	P	X	E	Q	U	I	V	A	L	E	N	T	F	D	N	J	J	G	L
M	J	J	W	O	R	D	E	R	E	D	P	A	I	R	S	A	R	N	E
D	I	V	I	S	I	B	L	E	P	A	R	E	N	T	H	E	S	E	S
B	G	M	L	L	P	T	A	U	F	I	V	E	P	A	A	Q	W	P	W
R	C	O	N	S	E	C	U	T	I	V	E	P	M	L	M	L	I	T	X
A	P	R	I	M	E	F	A	C	T	O	R	I	Z	A	T	I	O	N	R
C	O	O	R	D	I	N	A	T	E	P	L	A	N	E	I	R	T	E	J
K	Y	E	P	P	R	O	D	U	C	T	N	M	R	L	T	N	D	C	F
E	T	E	S	T	I	M	A	T	I	O	N	L	U	G	Z	U	D	R	D
T	E	I	H	A	O	Q	K	L	T	M	H	D	L	C	C	C	R	E	U
S	E	C	A	L	C	U	L	A	T	E	N	U	E	E	W	K	C	P	R

1. To rewrite a fraction in lowest terms.
2. A pattern containing numbers.
3. Pairs of numbers used to locate points on a coordinate grid. The first number in a pair tells how far to move horizontally, and the second number tells how far to move vertically.
4. To follow each other in an unbroken sequence.
5. A pair of symbols used to enclose sections of an expression. [ ]
6. The left-over amount when a number cannot be divided equally.
7. A general statement written in numbers, symbols, or words that describes how to determine any term in a pattern or relationship.
8. Having the same value or amount.
9. To find the answer by using arithmetic, adding, subtracting, multiplying or dividing. To figure out by reason or logic.
10. The answer to a multiplication problem.
11. A pair of symbols used to set apart parts of a problem so that those parts are done first. ()
12. A plane formed by the intersection of a horizontal number line called the x-axis and a vertical number line called the y-axis.
13. Can be divided evenly without leaving a remainder.
14. Breaking down a composite number until all of the factors are prime.
15. A way of making sure your answer is reasonable by making an approximate calculation. Rounding is a commonly used strategy.
16. The ratio of a number to 100 (per one hundred). %

calculate	numerical pattern	prime factorization	ordered pairs
divisible	coordinate plane	equivalent	rule
reduce	percent	remainder	product
parentheses	brackets	consecutive	estimation