5th Grade CCSS Math Vocabluary Quiz 32

1.		Having the same value or amount. A.equivalent B.reduce C.remainder D.coordinate plane
2.		A general statement written in numbers, symbols, or words that describes how to determine any term in a pattern or relationship. A.rule B.equivalent C.remainder D.product
3.		To follow each other in an unbroken sequence. A.prime factorization B.rule C.calculate D.consecutive
4.		A pair of symbols used to enclose sections of an expression. [] A.remainder B.brackets C.rule D.calculate
5.		Breaking down a composite number until all of the factors are prime. A.reduce B.coordinate plane C.equivalent D.prime factorization
6.		A pattern containing numbers. A.ordered pairs B.consecutive C.coordinate plane D.numerical pattern
7.		To rewrite a fraction in lowest terms. A.equivalent B.coordinate plane C.prime factorization D.reduce
8.		Pairs of numbers used to locate points on a coordinate grid. The first number in a pair tells how far to move horizontally, and the second number tells how far to move vertically. A.percent B.coordinate plane C.reduce D.ordered pairs
9.	—	Can be divided evenly without leaving a remainder. A.consecutive B.brackets C.product D.divisible
10.		To find the answer by using arithmetic, adding, subtracting, multiplying or dividing. To figure out by reason or logic. A.numerical pattern B.calculate C.ordered pairs D.prime factorization
11.		The ratio of a number to 100 (per one hundred). % A.percent B.consecutive C.parentheses D.ordered pairs
12.		A way of making sure your answer is reasonable by making an approximate calculation. Rounding is a commonly used strategy. A.estimation B.product C.divisible D.parentheses
13.		The answer to a multiplication problem. A.percent B.consecutive C.calculate D.product
14.		A plane formed by the intersection of a horizontal number line called the x-axis and a vertical number line called the y-axis. A.prime factorization B.product C.coordinate plane D.numerical pattern
15.		A pair of symbols used to set apart parts of a problem so that those parts are done first. () A.parentheses B.prime factorization C.divisible D.rule
16.		The left-over amount when a number cannot be divided equally. A.consecutive B.prime factorization C.remainder D.percent