5th Grade CCSS Math Vocabluary Quiz 2

1	 A way of making sure your answer is reasonable by making an approximate calculation. Rounding is a commonly used strategy. A.percent B.estimation C.coordinate plane D.numerical pattern
2	Having the same value or amount. A.coordinate plane B.divisible C.product D.equivalent
3	A pair of symbols used to set apart parts of a problem so that those parts are done first. () A.brackets B.divisible C.parentheses D.rule
4	Pairs of numbers used to locate points on a coordinate grid. The first number in a pair tells how far to move horizontally, and the second number tells how far to move vertically. A.remainder B.parentheses C.percent D.ordered pairs
5	The ratio of a number to 100 (per one hundred). % A.calculate B.numerical pattern C.percent D.estimation
6	Breaking down a composite number until all of the factors are prime. A.percent B.prime factorization C.brackets D.calculate
7	To find the answer by using arithmetic, adding, subtracting, multiplying or dividing. To figure out by reason or logic. A.product B.calculate C.prime factorization D.brackets
8	To rewrite a fraction in lowest terms. A.calculate B.divisible C.reduce D.coordinate plane
9	A pair of symbols used to enclose sections of an expression. [] A.brackets B.estimation C.divisible D.numerical pattern
10	A pattern containing numbers. A.remainder B.ordered pairs C.prime factorization D.numerical pattern
11	A plane formed by the intersection of a horizontal number line called the x-axis and a vertical number line called the y-axis. A.consecutive B.remainder C.coordinate plane D.equivalent
12	Can be divided evenly without leaving a remainder. A.remainder B.divisible C.rule D.parentheses
13	The answer to a multiplication problem. A.divisible B.numerical pattern C.product D.calculate
14	The left-over amount when a number cannot be divided equally. A.remainder B.consecutive C.ordered pairs D.coordinate plane
15	A general statement written in numbers, symbols, or words that describes how to determine any term in a pattern or relationship. A.remainder B.divisible C.ordered pairs D.rule
16	To follow each other in an unbroken sequence. A.remainder B.divisible C.numerical pattern D.consecutive