5th Grade CCSS Math Vocabluary Quiz 17

1.		The ratio of a number to 100 (per one hundred). % A.equivalent B.consecutive C.calculate D.percent
2.		A general statement written in numbers, symbols, or words that describes how to determine any term in a pattern or relationship. A.rule B.estimation C.ordered pairs D.consecutive
3.	_	Can be divided evenly without leaving a remainder. A.divisible B.parentheses C.estimation D.numerical pattern
4.	_	The left-over amount when a number cannot be divided equally. A.estimation B.product C.numerical pattern D.remainder
5.	_	To find the answer by using arithmetic, adding, subtracting, multiplying or dividing. To figure out by reason or logic. A.calculate B.brackets C.coordinate plane D.ordered pairs
6.	_	Pairs of numbers used to locate points on a coordinate grid. The first number in a pair tells how far to move horizontally, and the second number tells how far to move vertically. A.calculate B.consecutive C.ordered pairs D.parentheses
7.	_	A pair of symbols used to set apart parts of a problem so that those parts are done first. () A.parentheses B.divisible C.coordinate plane D.numerical pattern
8.		A plane formed by the intersection of a horizontal number line called the x-axis and a vertical number line called the y-axis. A.rule B.coordinate plane C.percent D.prime factorization
9.	_	To follow each other in an unbroken sequence. A.numerical pattern B.calculate C.rule D.consecutive
10.	_	A pattern containing numbers. A.ordered pairs B.numerical pattern C.reduce D.rule
11.	_	A way of making sure your answer is reasonable by making an approximate calculation. Rounding is a commonly used strategy. A.consecutive B.estimation C.coordinate plane D.prime factorization
12.	_	The answer to a multiplication problem. A.reduce B.brackets C.rule D.product
13.	_	Having the same value or amount. A.equivalent B.brackets C.divisible D.calculate
14.	_	A pair of symbols used to enclose sections of an expression. [] A.estimation B.ordered pairs C.numerical pattern D.brackets
15.		To rewrite a fraction in lowest terms. A.reduce B.consecutive C.remainder D.estimation
16.	_	Breaking down a composite number until all of the factors are prime. A.brackets B.ordered pairs C.product D.prime factorization