## 5th Grade CCSS Math Vocabluary Quiz 15

1. C Breaking down a composite number until all of the factors are prime.
A.sequence B.variable C.prime factorization D.divisible
2. B A whole number that can divide evenly into another number without a remainder.
A.sequence B.divisible C.symbol D.prime factorization
3. A The point where two rays of an angle, two sides of a polygon, or 3 or more edges of a solid figure meet.
A.vertex B.zero property of multiplication C.divisible D.prime factorization
4. Changing the grouping of three or more factors does not change the product.
A.prime number B.variable C.associative property of multiplication D.squared
5. A Changing the order of the factors does not change the product.
A.commutative property of multiplication B.least common multiple C.symbol D.associative
property of multiplication
6. C The order in which things happen. The following of one thing after another. The orderly series or succession.
A.least common multiple
B.associative property of multiplication
C.sequence
D.variable
7. B The smallest number that is a common multiple of a given set of numbers.
A.squared B.least common multiple C.zero property of multiplication D.variable
8. D The amount of space that something occupies or the amount of space that something contains.
A.least common multiple B.divisible C.zero property of multiplication D.volume
9. B A table that lists pairs of numbers that follow a rule.
A.symbol B.function table C.distributive property D.whole
10. D The product of any number and zero is zero.
A.squared B.distributive property C.sequence D.zero property of multiplication
11. D A whole number that has exactly two factors, 1 and itself.
A.vertex B.variable C.least common multiple D.prime number
12. A All of the parts of something.
A.whole B.prime factorization C.least common multiple D.squared
13. $C$ When the exponent is 2 .
A.volume B.vertex C.squared D.zero property of multiplication
14. A Anything that stands for or represents something else.
A.symbol B.squared C.sequence D.divisible
15. When one of the factors of a product is a sum, multiplying each addend before adding does not change the product.
A.divisible B.squared C.distributive property D.vertex
16. A A letter or symbol used to represent a number.
A.variable B.volume C.symbol D.sequence
