## 7th Grade CCSS Math Vocabulary List 4

1. associative property
2. commutative property
3. congruent
4. distributive property
5. scale drawing
6. scale factor
7. simple event
8. simple interest
9. statistic
10. straight angle
11. supplementary angles
12. survey
13. triangle inequality theorem
14. triangle sum theorem
15. two-step equation
16. unit rate of change
17. vertical angles

When three or more numbers are added/multiplied, the sum/product is the same regardless of the way in which the numbers are grouped. Parenthesis can move around, and the result will be the same.

When two numbers are added/multiplied together, the sum/product is the same regardless of the order.

Same size and shape.
Terms in an expression may be expanded in a particular way to form an equivalent expression.

Representations of real objects or places that are in proportion to the objects or places they represent.

Ratio of side lengths in an enlargement to those of the original figure.

Event consisting of one outcome.
Fixed percentage of the principal.
A characteristic used to describe the sample.
Angle whose measure is equal to $180^{\circ}$.
Sum of their angles is equal to $180^{\circ}$.
Collecting information about a certain group of people.
States that the sum of the lengths of any two sides of a triangle is greater than the length of the third side.

States that the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a triangle is $180^{\circ}$.

Requires that two inverse operations be performed in order to isolate the variable.

Amount the dependent value changes for every unit the independent value changes.

Two nonadjacent congruent angles that are formed by two intersecting lines.

